# Urinary system (Imaging)

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#### Nephrotomogram

Absence of nephrotomographic
 enhancement within the lesion :

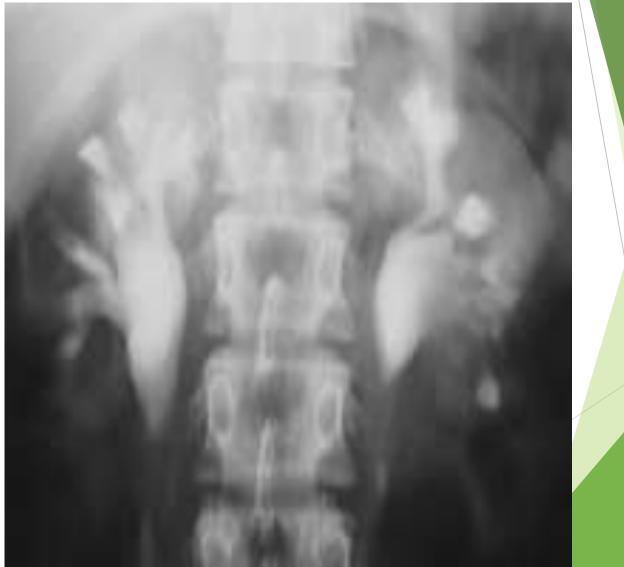
# suggest a **simple cyst**, parenchymal **beaking**

(margin of unenhanced tissue)

# Renal cyst : cortical beak



## Reflux nephropathy ; clubbing calyces , parenchymal loss



# To be continued in next lecture

#### lvp continued....



# Increase parenchymal thickness Calyceal distortion Double contour at tomography

CT is suggested for solid lesion

## Renal cell carcinoma mass mid portion of LK , distortion collecting system



# **Position of kidney**

- RK is lower than LK (liver)
- Vertical axis parallel upper 1/3 of psoas

#### Alteration of axis and position:

- \* Congenital renal anomaly
- \* Abdominal or RP mass

# Horseshoe kidney



#### HORSESHOE KIDNEY



Renal cell CA mass upper pole of RK axis deviation parallel with psoas m. distortion collecting system

#### RCC lower pole of LK



## Pyelographic and ureteric image

IVP, CT urogram good for evaulation of collecting system, urothelium-line surface:

# \* TCC urinary tract\* Pyelitis cystica

### Transitional cell CA ; renal pelvis irregular papillary filling defect





# Pyeloureteritis cystica

# Calyces

- Compound calyces : polar region
- Simple papillae , classic calices : interpolar
- Obstruction :
  - \* Round forniceal margin ,
  - \* Loss of papillary impression ,
  - \* Clubbing calices

#### Left distal UC with obstruction

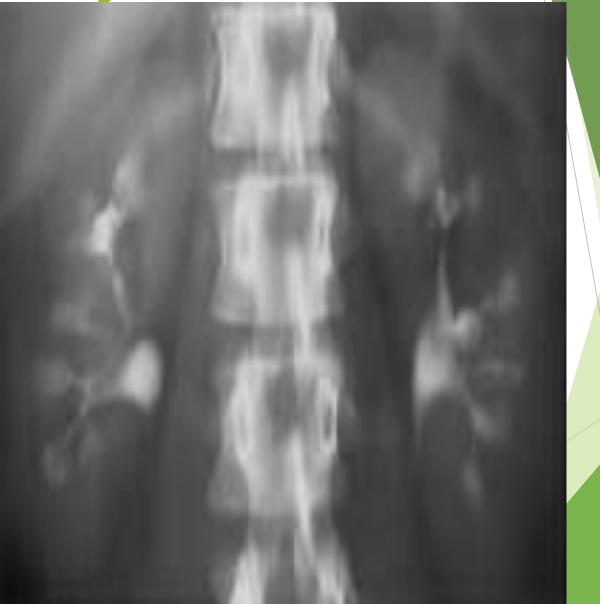


#### Papillae

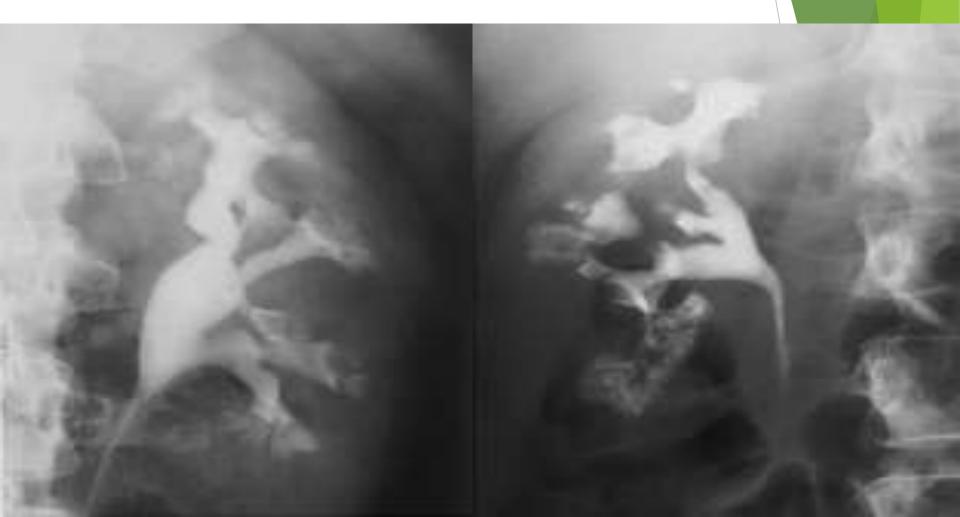
# Papillary blush Contrast within papillae Tubular ectasia :

# Medullary sponge kidney

# Papillary blush



Medullary sponge kidney; tubular ectasia microscopic hematuria , cavity fill with CM "growing calculus sign "



# Renal papillary necrosis ; sickel cell anemia, analgenic abuse



#### Aberrant papilla, benign



#### Calyceal diverticulum with stone



# Phantom calix

Usually number of calices 7-14

- Phantom calix :
  - \* Benign -TB
  - \* Malignant process -Oncocalix

#### Tuberculosis ; phantom calices lower pole LK , moth-eaten calices D/DX TCC



## TCC ; Oncocalyx ( tumor filled calix) upper pole of LK



## Impression on collecting system

# Vascular compressionRenal sinus cyst

# Vascular impression

# Renal sinus cyst , (not hydronephrosis) narrow displacement of collecting system and renal pelvis